



Safety Data Sheet

PRODUCT CODE FP6350

SECTION 1 Product and Company Identification

Product

Product Name: [FP6350 Dek-Kote Low VOC Waterborne Clear Polyurethane](#)
Product Description: Water Based Polyurethane
Intended Use: Sealer for cementitious or epoxy flooring / resin

Company

Manufacturer: Florida Paints & Coatings, LLC
78 Third Street
Winter Garden, FL 34787
USA

Contact: 407-986-1000
1-800-255-3924 ChemTel
+1 813-248-0585 ChemTel International
info@floridapaints.com
407-293-4233 FAX

Revision Date: 10/22/18

SECTION 2 Hazards Identification

Classification of substance or mixture:

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

No need for classification according to GHS criteria for this product.

GHS Label Elements: The product does not require a hazard warning label in accordance with GHS criteria.

Emergency Overview:

No particular hazards known.
Use with local exhaust ventilation.
Wear full face shield if splashing hazard exists.
Wear protective clothing.

Hazard Symbol: None.

Hazard Ratings

	<i>health</i>	<i>flammability</i>	<i>reactivity</i>
HMIS	1	0	0
NFPA	1	0	0



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SECTION 3 Composition / Information on Ingredients

There are no hazardous components above the relevant concentration limits according to OSHA HazCom 2012.

This material is regulated as a mixture

Ingredient	CAS #	EC#	% (by weight)
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	NE	<5%
	Trade secret		<99%

This product contains an amine neutralizing agent which is bound in the matrix of this product as a salt. This amine salt is considered essentially unreactive at room temperature. Generation of amine vapors is expected when this product is processed (heated) during the drying/hardening of the coating.

The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 First Aid Measures

General advice: Remove contaminated clothing.

If inhaled: Remove the affected individual into fresh air and keep the person calm. Seek medical attention.

If on skin: Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.

If in eyes: Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.

If swallowed: Rinse mouth and then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention if necessary.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: No significant reaction of the human body to the product known.

Note to physician: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote.

SECTION 5 Fire Fighting Measures

Appropriate Extinguishing Media: Foam, CO₂, Dry chemical, water spray or fog.



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Fire Fighting Instructions: Firefighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel. Contaminated extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with official regulations.

Unusual Fire Hazards: Harmful vapors. Evolution of fumes/fog. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of fire.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NO_x), dense black smoke, Isocyanate, Isocyanic Acid and other undetermined compounds. Hydrogen cyanide.

SECTION 6 Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, Emergency Procedures: Use personal protective clothing.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean-up

Small Spills: Pick up with absorbent material (e.g. sand, sawdust, general-purpose binder). Dispose of absorbed material in accordance with regulations.

Large Spills: Pump off product.

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

SECTION 7 Handling and Storage

Handling/Storage Precautions: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed when not in use. Avoid breathing dust, vapor, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin or clothing.

Protect from freezing. Store between 5 °C (41 °F) and 35 °C (95 °F).

Avoid water reactive substances, acids, strong alkalis.

SECTION 8 Exposure Control / Personal Protection

Industrial Hygiene/Ventilation Measures: General dilution and local exhaust as necessary to control airborne vapors, mists, dusts and thermal decomposition products below appropriate airborne concentration standards/guidelines.

Thermal processing operations should be ventilated to control gases and fumes given off during processing. Curing ovens must be ventilated to prevent the buildup of explosive atmospheres and to prevent off gases from entering the work place.

Exposure Limits:

Component	Value / Source			
Triethanolamine (102-71-6)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	ACGIH	ACGIH

Personal Protective Equipment

Respiratory protection: Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Respiratory protection in case of vapor/aerosol release.

Hand protection: Chemical resistant protective gloves

Eye protection: Chemical safety goggles or safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection: Permeation resistant clothing, gloves, long-sleeved shirt, and pants

General safety and hygiene measures: Wear protective clothing as necessary to minimize contact. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Eye wash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

SECTION 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

General

Appearance: Milky liquid.

Physical state: Liquid.

Form: Liquid.

Color: Milky.

Odor: Mild, acrylic like

Odor threshold: Not available.

Safety Data

pH: Not available.

Freezing point: 32 °F (0 °C)

Initial boiling point: 212 °F (100 °C)

Flash point: No flashpoint measurement made up to boiling point.

Evaporation rate: Not available.

Flammability: Not flammable.

Flammability limit – Not applicable.

Flammability limit – Not applicable.

Explosive limit - Not applicable.

Vapor pressure: Not available.

Vapor density Relative density: Not available.

Solubility (water): Soluble.

Partition coefficient: Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature: Stable up to boiling point.



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Viscosity Not available.

VOC: <100g/L.

SECTION 10 Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Reactivity: No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid extreme heat. Avoid freezing.

Materials to avoid: Water reactives, acids, strong alkalis, isocyanates.

Hazardous decomposition products: By fire and thermal decomposition: Carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NO_x), dense black smoke, Isocyanate, Isocyanic Acid and other undetermined compounds. Hydrogen cyanide.

SECTION 11 Toxicological Information

Route of Exposure:

Skin contact

Eye contact

Ingestion

Inhalation

Health Effects and Symptoms

Acute: Not expected to cause adverse health effects.

Chronic: Not expected to cause adverse health effects.

Toxicity Data: NA

Carcinogenicity: No carcinogenic substances as defined by IARC, NTP, and/or OSHA

SECTION 12 Ecological Information

No data available for this product.

The components in this product are either non-hazardous or do not have Eco toxicity data associated with them.

SECTION 13 Disposal Considerations

Waste disposal of substance: Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. It is the waste generator's responsibility to determine if a particular waste is hazardous under RCRA.

Container disposal: Dispose of in a licensed facility. Recommend crushing, puncturing or other means to prevent unauthorized use of used containers.

Section 14 Transport Information

DOT: This product is not regulated for transport.

ARD/RID: This product is not regulated for transport.

IMDG: This product is not regulated for transport.

IATA: This product is not regulated for transport.

SECTION 15 Regulatory Information

US federal regulations:

US Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA): Listed on TSCA inventory.

US EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302) Component: None.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance: None

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical: Non-hazardous

SARA 313 (TRI reporting): This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold reporting levels.

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List:

Polyacrylate resin

Trimethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act:

Polyacrylate resin

Trimethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law:

Polyacrylate resin

Trimethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

US. California Proposition 65:

This product contains a chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)



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SECTION 16 Other Information

Recommended restriction: for use by trained professionals, having read the complete SDS

To the best of our knowledge the information contained here is accurate. However, neither the above named manufacturer nor any of its distributors assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or the completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of the suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

SECTION 1 Product and Company Identification

Product

Product Name: [FP6359 Dek-Kote Low VOC Polyurethane Part B](#)
 Product Description: Curing Agent for Water Based Polyurethane
 Intended Use: Sealer for cementitious or epoxy flooring / resin

Company

Manufacturer: Florida Paints & Coatings, LLC
 78 Third Street
 Winter Garden, FL 34787
 USA

Contact: 407-986-1000
 1-800-255-3924 ChemTel
 +1 813-248-0585 ChemTel International
info@floridapaints.com
 407-293-4233 FAX

Revision Date: 10/22/18

SECTION 2 Hazards Identification

Classification of substance or mixture:

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Acute toxicity (Inhalation):	Category 4	H332
Respiratory sensitization:	Category 1	H335
Skin sensitization:	Category 1	H315
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: (Respiratory system)	Category 3	H371
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation): (Lungs)	Category 2	H373

GHS Label Elements:

Hazard Symbol:



Signal Word: Danger

Label Hazard Statements:



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- H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H332: Harmful if inhaled.
- H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
- H373: May cause damage to organs (Lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

Label Precautionary Statements:

- P260: Do not breathe dust, mist, gas, vapors or spray.
- P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P272: Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P280: Wear protective gloves.
- P284: In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. The type of respiratory protection selected must comply with the requirements set forth in OSHA’s Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134) or regional standards. For additional details, see section 8 of the SDS.

Response:

- P302: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P304: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- P312: Call a doctor or emergency medical facility (i.e. 911) if you feel unwell.
- P333: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
- P342: If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a doctor or emergency medical facility (i.e. 911).
- P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage:

- P405: Store locked up.
- P403: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal:

- P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with existing federal, state, and local environmental control laws.

Hazard Ratings

	<i>health</i>	<i>flammability</i>	<i>reactivity</i>
HMIS	1	0	0
NFPA	1	0	0

SECTION 3 Composition / Information on Ingredients

This material is regulated as a mixture

Ingredient	CAS #	EC#	% (by weight)

<i>Hazardous</i>			
Homopolymer of Hexamethylene Diisocyanate	28182-81-2	NE	<100%
Hydrophilic Aliphatic Polyisocyanate based on Hexamethylene Diisocyanate	666723-27-9	NE	<25%
Hexamethylene-1,6Diisocyanate	822-06-0	NE	<2%
N,N-dimethylcyclohexylamine	98-94-2	NE	<2%

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of component(s) have been withheld as a trade secret. This product contains an amine neutralizing agent which is bound in the matrix of this product as a salt. This amine salt is considered essentially unreactive at room temperature. Generation of amine vapors is expected when this product is processed (heated) during the drying/hardening of the coating.

SECTION 4 First Aid Measures

Most Important Symptom(s)/Effect(s)

Acute: Isocyanate vapors or mist at concentrations above the exposure limits or guidelines can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) with symptoms of runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing difficulty). Persons with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyper reactivity can respond to concentrations below the exposure limits or guidelines with similar symptoms as well as asthma attack or asthma-like symptoms. Exposure well above the exposure limits or guidelines may lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). Chemical or hypersensitivity pneumonitis, with flulike symptoms (e.g. fever, chills), has also been reported. These symptoms can be delayed up to several hours after exposure. These effects are usually reversible.

May cause skin irritation with symptoms of reddening, itching, and swelling. Can cause sensitization. Persons previously sensitized can experience allergic skin reaction with symptoms of reddening, itching, swelling, and rash. Cured material is difficult to remove.

May cause eye irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing, stinging, and swelling. May cause temporary corneal injury. Vapor or aerosol may cause irritation with symptoms of burning and tearing.

May cause irritation of the digestive tract; Symptoms may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Delayed: Symptoms affecting the respiratory tract can also occur several hours after overexposure.



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Eye Contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Use lukewarm water if possible. Use fingers to ensure that eyelids are separated and that the eye is being irrigated. Then remove contact lenses, if easily removable, and continue eye irrigation for not less than 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

Skin Contact: Immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off with soap and water. Use lukewarm water if possible. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. For severe exposures, immediately get under safety shower and begin rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Inhalation: Move to an area free from further exposure. Extreme asthmatic reactions that may occur in sensitized persons can be life threatening. Get medical attention immediately. Administer oxygen or artificial respiration as needed. Asthmatic symptoms may develop and may be immediate or delayed up to several hours.

Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. Wash mouth out with water. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

Notes to Physician:

Eyes: Stain for evidence of corneal injury. If cornea is burned, instill antibiotic/steroid preparation as needed.

Workplace vapors could produce reversible corneal epithelial edema impairing vision.

Skin: This compound is a skin sensitizer. Treat symptomatically as for contact dermatitis or thermal burn.

Ingestion: Treat symptomatically. There is no specific antidote. Inducing vomiting is contraindicated because of the irritating nature of the compound.

Inhalation: Treatment is essentially symptomatic. An individual having a dermal or pulmonary sensitization reaction to this material should be removed from further exposure to any diisocyanate.

SECTION 5 Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Foam, water spray for large fires.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: High volume water jet.

Fire Fighting Procedure: Firefighters should wear NFPA compliant structural firefighting protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus and NFPA compliant helmet, hood, boots and gloves. Avoid contact with product. Decontaminate equipment and protective clothing prior to reuse. During a fire, isocyanate vapors and other irritating, highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Exposure to heated diisocyanate can be extremely dangerous.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: By Fire and High Heat: Carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NO_x), dense black smoke, Hydrogen cyanide, Isocyanate, Isocyanic Acid, Other undetermined compounds



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Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards: Closed container may forcibly rupture under extreme heat or when contents are contaminated with water (CO₂ formed). Use cold-water spray to cool fire-exposed containers to minimize the risk of rupture. Large fires can be extinguished with large volumes of water applied from a safe distance, since reaction between water and hot diisocyanate can be vigorous.

SECTION 6 Accidental Release Measures

Spill and Leak Procedures: Implement site emergency response plan. Evacuate non-emergency personnel. The magnitude of the evacuation depends upon the quantity released, site conditions, and the ambient temperature. Isolate the area and prevent access of unauthorized personnel. Notify management. Call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300 for assistance and advice.

Wear necessary personal protective equipment (PPE) as specified in the SDS or the site emergency response plan. Ventilate and remove ignition sources. Control the source of the leak. Contain the released material by damming, diking, retaining, or diverting into an appropriate containment area. Absorb or pump off as much of the spilled material as possible. When using absorbent, completely cover the spill area with suitable absorbent material (e.g., vermiculite, kitty litter, Oil-Dri[®], etc...). Allow for the absorbent material to absorb the spilled liquid. Shovel the absorbent material into an approved metal container (i.e., 55-gallon salvage drum). Do not fill the container more than 2/3 full to allow for expansion, and do not tighten the lid on the container. Repeat application of absorbent material until all liquid has been removed from the surface.

Decontaminate the spill surface area using a neutralization solution (see list of solutions on the SDS); scrubbing the surface with a broom or brush helps the decontamination solution to penetrate into porous surfaces. Wait at least 15 minutes after first application of the neutralization solution. Cover the area with absorbent material and shovel this into an approved metal container. Check for residual surface contamination using Swype[®] test kits, available from Colorimetric Laboratories, Inc. (CLI) at 847-803-3737. If the Swype[®] test pad demonstrates that isocyanate remains on the surface (red color on pad), repeat applications of neutralization solution, with scrubbing, followed by absorbent until the surface is decontaminated (no color change on Swype[®] pad). Apply lid loosely to metal waste container (do not tighten the lid because carbon dioxide gas and heat can be generated from the neutralization process). With the lid still loosely in place, move the container to an isolated, well-ventilated area to allow release of carbon dioxide. After 72 hours, seal the container, and properly dispose of the waste material and any contaminated equipment (i.e., broom or brush) in accordance with existing federal, state and local regulations.

Additional Spill Procedures/Neutralization: Products or product mixtures that have been shown to be effective neutralization solutions for decontaminating surfaces, tools, or equipment that have been in contact with an isocyanate includes: Products available through industrial suppliers:

Spartan Chemical Company: 1-800-537-8990:

- Spartan[®] ShineLine Emulsifier Plus
- Spartan[®] SC-200 Heavy Duty Cleaner

Colorimetric Laboratories, Inc. (CLI): 1-847-803-3737

- Isocyanate Decontamination Solution

Mix equal amounts of the following:

- Mineral spirits (80%), VM&P Naphtha (15%), and household detergent (5%), and

- A 50-50 mixture of monoethanolamine and water

In a separate container, blend the two solutions in a 1:1 ratio by volume. Immediately prior to applying this blended neutralization solution onto the contaminated surface area, mix or agitate the container to help ensure uniform mixing of the ingredients.

If the above products are not available, the following products can be obtained through retail outlets:

- ZEP® Commercial Heavy-Duty Floor Stripper
- Greased Lightning® Super Strength Cleaner and Degreaser
- EASY OFF® Grill and Oven Cleaner or EASY OFF® Fume Free Oven Cleaner
- A mixture of 50% Simple Green® Pro HD Heavy-Duty Cleaner and 50% household ammonia
- A mixture of 90% Fantastic® Heavy Duty All Purpose Cleaner and 10% household ammonia.

Note: Always wear proper PPE when cleaning up an isocyanate spill and using a neutralization solution. It may take two or more applications of the neutralization solution to decontaminate the surface. Check for residual surface contamination using a surface wipe method such as the CLI Swype® pad.

SECTION 7 Handling and Storage

Handling/Storage Precautions: Do not breathe vapors, mists, or dusts. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne isocyanate levels below the exposure limits. Wear respiratory protection if material is heated, sprayed, used in a confined space, or if the exposure limit is exceeded. Warning properties (irritation of the eyes, nose and throat or odor) are not adequate to prevent overexposure from inhalation. This material can produce asthmatic sensitization upon either single inhalation exposure to a relatively high concentration or upon repeated inhalation exposures to lower concentrations. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior allergic reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapor or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate eye and skin protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not breathe smoke and gases created by overheating or burning this material. Decomposition products can be highly toxic and irritating. Store in tightly closed containers to prevent moisture contamination. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected.

Storage Period: 6 Months @ 25 °C (77 °F): after receipt of material by customer.

Storage Temperature

Minimum: 7 °C (44.6 °F)

Maximum: 50 °C (122 °F)

Storage Conditions: Store separate from food products.

Substances to Avoid: Water, Amines, Strong bases, Alcohols, Copper alloys.

SECTION 8 Exposure Control / Personal Protection

Homopolymer of Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (28182-81-2)



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Hexamethylene-1,6-Diisocyanate (822-06-0)

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Time Weighted Average (TWA): 0.005 ppm

Any component which is listed in section 3 and is not listed in this section does not have a known ACGIH TLV, OSHA PEL or supplier recommended occupational exposure limit.

Industrial Hygiene/Ventilation Measures

Good industrial hygiene practice dictates that worker protection should be achieved through engineering controls, such as ventilation, whenever feasible. When such controls are not feasible to achieve full protection, the use of respirators and other personal protective equipment is mandated. Exhaust air may need to be cleaned by scrubbers or filters to reduce environmental contamination. Curing ovens must be ventilated to prevent emissions into the workplace. If oven off-gases are not vented properly (i.e. they are released into the work area), it is possible to be exposed to airborne monomeric HDI.

Respiratory Protection

A respirator that is recommended or approved for use in isocyanate-containing environments (air-purifying or fresh air-supplied) may be necessary for spray applications or other situations such as high temperature use which may produce inhalation exposures. A supplied-air respirator (either positive pressure or continuous flow-type) is recommended. Before an air-purifying respirator can be used, air monitoring must be performed to measure airborne concentrations of HDI monomer and HDI polyisocyanate. Specific conditions under which air-purifying respirators can be used are outlined in the following sections. Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134).

SPRAY APPLICATION:

Good industrial hygiene practice dictates that when isocyanate-based coatings are spray applied, some form of respiratory protection should be worn. During the spray application of coatings containing this product the use of a supplied-air (either positive pressure or continuous flow-type) respirator is mandatory when ONE OR MORE of the following conditions exists:

- The airborne isocyanate concentrations are not known.
- The airborne isocyanate monomer concentrations exceed 0.05 ppm averaged over eight (8) hours (10 times the 8 hour TWA exposure limit).
- The airborne polyisocyanate (polymeric, oligomeric) concentrations exceed 5 mg/m³ averaged over 8 hours or 10 mg/m³ averaged over 15 minutes (10 times the 8 hour TWA or the 15 minute STEL exposure limits).
- Operations are performed in a confined space (See OSHA Confined Space Standard, 29 CFR 1910.146).

A properly fitted air-purifying (combination organic vapor and particulate) respirator, proven by test to be effective in isocyanate-containing spray paint environments, and used in accordance with all recommendations made by the manufacturer, can be used when ALL of the following conditions are met:

- The airborne isocyanate monomer concentrations are known to be below 0.05 ppm averaged over eight (8) hours (10 times 8 hour TWA exposure limit).



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- The airborne polyisocyanate (polymeric, oligomeric) concentrations are known to be below 5 mg/m³ averaged over 8 hours or 10 mg/m³ averaged over 15 minutes (10 times the 8 hour TWA or the 15 minute STEL exposure limits).
- A NIOSH-certified End of Service Life Indicator or a change schedule based upon objective information or data is used to ensure that cartridges are replaced before the end of their service life. In addition, prefilters should be changed whenever breathing resistance increases due to particulate buildup.

NON-SPRAY OPERATIONS:

During non-spray operations such as mixing, batch-making, brush or roller application, etc., at elevated temperatures (for example, heating of material or application to a hot substrate), it is possible to be exposed to airborne isocyanate vapors. Therefore, when the coatings system will be applied in a non-spray manner, a supplied-air (either positive pressure or continuous flow-type) respirator is mandatory when ONE OR MORE of the following conditions exists:

- The airborne isocyanate concentrations are not known.
- The airborne isocyanate monomer concentrations exceed 0.05 ppm averaged over eight (8) hours (10 times the 8 hour TWA exposure limit).
- The airborne polyisocyanate (polymeric, oligomeric) concentrations exceed 5 mg/m³ averaged over 8 hours or 10 mg/m³ averaged over 15 minutes (10 times the 8 hour TWA or the 15 minute STEL exposure limits).
- Operations are performed in a confined space (See OSHA Confined Space Standard, 29 CFR 1910.146).

A properly fitted air-purifying (combination organic vapor and particulate) respirator, proven by test to be effective in isocyanate-containing paint environments, and used in accordance with all recommendations made by the manufacturer, can be used when ALL of the following conditions are met:

- The airborne concentrations of the isocyanate monomer are below 0.05 ppm averaged over eight (8) hours (10 times the 8 hour TWA exposure limit).
- The airborne polyisocyanate (polymeric, oligomeric) concentrations are known to be below 5 mg/m³ averaged over eight (8) hours or 10 mg/m³ averaged over 15 minutes (10 times the 8 hour TWA or the 15 minute STEL exposure limits).
- A NIOSH-certified End of Service Life Indicator or a change schedule based upon objective information or data is used to ensure that cartridges are replaced before the end of their service life. In addition, prefilters should be changed whenever breathing resistance increases due to particulate buildup.

Hand Protection: Gloves should be worn. Nitrile rubber gloves, Butyl rubber gloves, Neoprene gloves.

Eye Protection: When directly handling liquid product, eye protection is required. Examples of eye protection include a chemical safety goggle, or chemical safety goggle in combination with a full face shield when there is a greater risk of splash.

Skin Protection: Avoid all skin contact. Depending on the conditions of use, cover as much of the exposed skin area as possible with appropriate clothing to prevent skin contact. Gloves, long sleeved shirts and pants.

Medical Surveillance: All applicants who are assigned to an isocyanate work area should undergo a pre-placement medical evaluation. A history of eczema or respiratory allergies such as hay fever, are possible reasons for medical exclusion from isocyanate areas. Applicants who have a history of adult asthma should be restricted from work with isocyanates. Applicants with a history of prior isocyanate sensitization should be excluded from further work with isocyanates. A comprehensive annual medical surveillance program should be instituted for all employees who are potentially exposed to diisocyanates. Once a worker has been diagnosed as sensitized to any isocyanate, no further exposure can be permitted. Refer to the Bayer pamphlet (Medical Surveillance Program for Isocyanate Workers) for additional guidance.

Additional Protective Measures: Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be available. Educate and train employees in the safe use and handling of this product. Follow all label instructions.

SECTION 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

General

Physical state: liquid

Color: light yellow

Odor: slight

Odor Threshold: No Data Available

Safety Data

pH: No Data Available

Freezing Point: No Data Available

Boiling Point: Decomposition

Flash Point: ca. 185 °C (365 °F) (DIN EN 22719)

Evaporation Rate: No Data Available

Lower Explosion Limit: No Data Available

Upper Explosion Limit: No Data Available

Vapor Pressure: HDI Polyisocyanate: 5.2 X 10⁻⁹ @ 68 °F (20 °C) mmHg

Vapor Density: No Data Available

Density: ca. 1.15 g/cm³ @ 20 °C (68 °F) (DIN 51757)

Relative Vapor Den-sity: No Data Available

Specific Gravity: Approximately 1.15 @ 20 °C (68 °F)

Solubility in Water: Insoluble - Reacts slowly with water to liberate CO₂ gas

Partition Coeffi-cient: noc-tanol/water: No Data Available

Auto-ignition Tem-perature: ca. 445 °C (833 °F) (DIN 51794)

Decomposition Temperature: ca. 181 °C (357.8 °F)

Dynamic Viscosity: Approximately 800 mPa's @ 20 °C (68 °F)

Kinematic Viscosity: No Data Available

Bulk Density: Approximately 1,150 kg/m³

Molecular Weight: 500 Approximate Value, For the polyisocyanate

Self-Ignition: Not applicable

SECTION 10 Stability and Reactivity

Hazardous Reactions: Contact with moisture, other materials that react with isocyanates, or temperatures above 350 °F (177 °C), may cause polymerization.

Stability: Stable under normal conditions of use and storage.

Materials to Avoid: Water, Amines, Strong bases, Alcohols, Copper alloys.

Conditions to Avoid: Heat, flames and sparks. Protect from freezing.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

By Fire and High Heat: Carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NO_x), dense black smoke, Hydrogen cyanide, Isocyanate, Isocyanic Acid, Other undetermined compounds.

SECTION 11 Toxicological Information

Likely Routes of Exposure: Skin Contact, Inhalation, Eye Contact

Health Effects and Symptoms

Acute: Isocyanate vapors or mist at concentrations above the exposure limits or guidelines can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) with symptoms of runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing difficulty). Persons with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyper reactivity can respond to concentrations below the exposure limits or guidelines with similar symptoms as well as asthma attack or asthma-like symptoms. Exposure well above the exposure limits or guidelines may lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). Chemical or hypersensitivity pneumonitis, with flulike symptoms (e.g. fever, chills), has also been reported. These symptoms can be delayed up to several hours after exposure. These effects are usually reversible.

May cause skin irritation with symptoms of reddening, itching, and swelling. Can cause sensitization. Persons previously sensitized can experience allergic skin reaction with symptoms of reddening, itching, swelling, and rash. Cured material is difficult to remove.

May cause eye irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing, stinging, and swelling. May cause temporary corneal injury. Vapor or aerosol may cause irritation with symptoms of burning and tearing.

May cause irritation of the digestive tract; Symptoms may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Chronic: As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals may develop sensitization to isocyanates (asthma or asthma-like symptoms) that may cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanates at levels well below the exposure limits or guidelines. These symptoms, which can include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Extreme asthmatic reactions can be life threatening. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air, or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Sensitization can be permanent. Chronic overexposure to isocyanates has also been reported to cause lung damage (including fibrosis, decrease in lung function) that may be permanent.

Prolonged contact with skin can cause reddening, swelling, rash, and, in some cases, skin sensitization. Animal tests and other research indicate that skin contact with isocyanates can play a role in causing isocyanate sensitization and respiratory reaction. This data reinforces the need to prevent direct skin contact with isocyanates.

Prolonged vapor contact with the eyes may cause conjunctivitis.

Delayed: Symptoms affecting the respiratory tract can also occur several hours after overexposure.

Data on the product is not available. Please find the data available for the components.

Toxicity Data for Homopolymer of Hexamethylene Diisocyanate

Toxicity Note: Data is based on the product, including residual monomer.

Acute Oral Toxicity

LD50: \geq 5000 mg/kg (rat, female) (OECD Test Guideline 423)

Toxicological studies at the product

Acute Inhalation Toxicity

LC50: 0.39 mg/l, 4 h (rat, female) (OECD Test Guideline 403)

Toxicological studies of a comparable product. The test atmosphere generated in the animal study is not representative of workplace environments, how the substance is placed on the market, and how it can reasonably be expected to be used. Therefore the test result cannot be directly applied for the purpose of assessing hazard. Based on the weight of the evidence, a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified.

Acute Dermal Toxicity

LD50: $>$ 2000 mg/kg (rat, male/female) (OECD Test Guideline 402) Studies of a comparable product.

LD50: $>$ 2000 mg/kg (rabbit, male/female) Studies of a comparable product.

Skin Irritation

rabbit, OECD Test Guideline 404, slight irritant
Toxicological studies at the product

Eye Irritation

rabbit, OECD Test Guideline 405, slight irritant
Toxicological studies at the product

Sensitization

Skin sensitization (local lymph node assay (LLNA)): Causes sensitization. (mouse, OECD Test Guideline 429)
Toxicological studies at the product

Respiratory sensitization: sensitizer

Studies of a comparable product.

Repeated Dose Toxicity

90 d, Inhalative: NOAEL: 3,3, (rat, male/female, 6 hours a day, 5 days a week)
Toxicological studies of a comparable product. Evidence of damage to organs other than the organs of respiration was not found.

Mutagenicity

Genetic Toxicity in Vitro:

Salmonella/microsome test (Ames test): No indication of mutagenic effects. (Metabolic Activation: with/without)

Toxicological studies at the product

Chromosome aberration test in vitro: negative (Chinese hamster V79 cell line, Metabolic Activation: with/without)

Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Point mutation in mammalian cells (HPRT test): negative (Metabolic Activation: with/without) Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Toxicity Data for Hydrophilic Aliphatic Polyisocyanate based on Hexamethylene Diisocyanate

Toxicity Note: Data is based on a similar product, including residual monomer.

Acute Oral Toxicity

LD50: >= 5000 mg/kg (rat) (OECD Test Guideline 423) Studies of a comparable product.

Acute Inhalation Toxicity

LC50: 0.158 mg/l, 4 h (rat, male/female) (OECD Test Guideline 403)

Toxicological studies of a comparable product. The test atmosphere generated in the animal study is not representative of workplace environments, how the substance is placed on the market, and how it can

reasonably be expected to be used. Therefore the test result cannot be directly applied for the purpose of assessing hazard. Based on the weight of the evidence, a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified.

Skin Irritation

rabbit, OECD Test Guideline 404. An irritant effect cannot be distinguished from a mechanical load caused by the removal of the test specimen.

Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Eye Irritation

rabbit, OECD Test Guideline 405, slight irritant Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Sensitization

Skin sensitization (local lymph node assay (LLNA)): positive (mouse, OECD Test Guideline 429) Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Mutagenicity

Genetic Toxicity in Vitro:

Salmonella/microsome test (Ames test): No indication of mutagenic effects. Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Toxicity Data for Hexamethylene-1,6-Diisocyanate

Acute Oral Toxicity

LD50: 746 mg/kg (rat, male) (OECD Test Guideline 401)

LD50: 959 mg/kg (rat, male) (OECD Test Guideline 401)

Acute Inhalation Toxicity

LC50: 0.124 mg/l, 4 h (rat, male/female) (OECD Test Guideline 403)

Acute Dermal Toxicity

LD50: > 7000 mg/kg (rat, male/female) (OECD Test Guideline 402)

Skin Irritation

rabbit, OECD Test Guideline 404, Corrosive

Eye Irritation

rabbit, OECD Test Guideline 405, Corrosive

Sensitization

dermal: sensitizer (guinea pig, Maximization Test (GPMT))

Other isocyanates have been shown to produce dermal and respiratory sensitization in several species (guinea pigs, mice, rabbits, dogs). In addition, there is some evidence to suggest that cross-sensitization between different types of diisocyanates may occur.

dermal: sensitizer (Human, Case Report)

Respiratory sensitization: sensitizer (guinea pig)

Repeated Dose Toxicity

2 years, inhalation: NOAEL: <0.005 ppm, LOAEL: 0.005 ppm, (rat, Male/Female, 6 hrs/day 5 days/week) Irritation to lungs and nasal cavity.

Mutagenicity

Genetic Toxicity in Vitro:

Salmonella/microsome test (Ames test): negative (Salmonella typhimurium, Metabolic Activation: with/without)
Point mutation in mammalian cells (HPRT test): negative (Metabolic Activation: with/without)

Genetic Toxicity in Vivo:

Micronucleus test: negative (mouse, male/female, Inhalative) negative

Carcinogenicity rat, male/female, Inhalative, 2 yrs, 6 hours/day, 5 days/week, did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments.

Toxicity to Reproduction/Fertility

Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/Developmental Toxicity Screening Test, Inhalative, 6 hours/day 7 days/week, (rat, male/female) NOAEL (F2): 0.3 ppm Fertility and developmental toxicity tests did not reveal any effect on reproduction.

Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity

Rat, female, inhalation, gestation days 0 - 19, daily, NOAEL (teratogenicity): >0.3 ppm, NOAEL (maternal): < 0.3 ppm No Teratogenic effects observed at doses tested. No fetotoxicity observed at doses tested.

Neurological Effects

Rats exposed by inhalation, 6 hours/day, for approximately 3 weeks, to concentrations as high as 0.3 ppm showed no neurobehavioral effects or damage to nerve tissues.

Carcinogenicity: No carcinogenic substances as defined by IARC, NTP and/or OSHA

SECTION 12 Ecological Information

Data on the product is not available. Please find the data available for the components.

Ecological Data for Homopolymer of Hexamethylene Diisocyanate

Biodegradation

aerobic, 1%, Exposure time: 28 d, i.e. not readily degradable

Eco toxicological studies of the product.

aerobic, 0%, Exposure time: 28 d, i.e. not inherently degradable

Eco toxicological studies of the product.

Bioaccumulation

706.2 BCF

The substance hydrolyzes rapidly in water. An accumulation in aquatic organisms is not to be expected.

10.11 BCF

An accumulation in aquatic organisms is not to be expected. Studies of hydrolysis products.

Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish

LC50: > 100 mg/l (Danio rerio (zebra fish), 96 h)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

EC50: > 100 mg/l (Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 h)

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

ErC50: 199 mg/l, (scenedesmus subspicatus, 72 h)

Toxicity to Microorganisms

EC50: > 10,000 mg/l, (activated sludge, 3 h)

Additional Eco toxicological Remarks

Data is based on a similar product, including residual monomer.

Ecological Data for Hydrophilic Aliphatic Polyisocyanate based on Hexamethylene Diisocyanate

Biodegradation

0 %, i.e. not readily degradable.

Eco toxicological reports on a comparable product.

Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish

LC50: 35.2 mg/l (Danio rerio (zebra fish), 96 h)

Eco toxicological reports on a comparable product.

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

EC50: > 100 mg/l (Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 h)
Eco toxicological reports on a comparable product.

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

IC50: 72 mg/l, (Desmodesmus subspicatus (Green algae), 72 h)
Eco toxicological reports on a comparable product.

Toxicity to Microorganisms

EC50: > 10,000 mg/l, (activated sludge)
Eco toxicological reports on a comparable product.

Additional Eco toxicological Remarks

Data is based on a similar product, including residual monomer.

Ecological Data for Hexamethylene-1,6-Diisocyanate

Biodegradation

aerobic, 42%, Exposure time: 28 d, i.e. not readily degradable

Bioaccumulation

value calculated, 57.6 BCF

An accumulation in aquatic organisms is not to be expected.

value calculated, 3.2 BCF

An accumulation in aquatic organisms is not to be expected. Studies of hydrolysis products.

Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish

LC0: >= 82.8 mg/l (Danio rerio (zebra fish), 96 h)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

EC0: >= 89.1 mg/l (Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 h)

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

ErC50: > 77.4 mg/l, (Desmodesmus subspicatus (Green algae), 72 h)

Toxicity to Microorganisms

EC50: 842 mg/l, (activated sludge, 3 h)

SECTION 13 Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal Method: Waste disposal should be in accordance with existing federal, state and local environmental control laws. Incineration is the preferred method.



Safety Data Sheet

PRODUCT CODE FP10959

Empty Container Precautions: Empty containers retain product residue; observe all precautions for product. Do not heat or cut empty container with electric or gas torch because highly toxic vapors and gases are formed. Do not reuse without thorough commercial cleaning and reconditioning. If container is to be disposed, ensure all product residues are removed prior to disposal.

Section 14 Transport Information

DOT: Reportable quantity = 9,074 kg (20,005 pounds). Product must be used with Part A, and both A and B are typically shipped together. To reach the reportable threshold is so unlikely that it may be considered impossible. Therefore, this product is not regulated for transport.

IATA: This product is not regulated for transport.

IMDG: This product is not regulated for transport.

SECTION 15 Regulatory Information

United States Federal Regulations

US. Toxic Substances Control Act: Listed on the TSCA Inventory.

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302) Components: None

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Acute Health Hazard

Chronic Health Hazard

US. EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 355, Appendix A) Components: None

US. EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372.65) - Supplier Notification Required Components: None

US. EPA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Composite List of Hazardous Wastes and Appendix VIII Hazardous Constituents (40 CFR 261): Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the person who generates a solid waste, as defined in 40 CFR 261.2, to determine if that waste is a hazardous waste.

State Right-To-Know Information

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual states; other product specific health and safety data in other sections of the SDS may also be applicable for state requirements. For details on your regulatory requirements you should contact the appropriate agency in your state.

Massachusetts, New Jersey or Pennsylvania Right to Know Substance Lists:

<u>Weight percent</u>	<u>Components</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
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Safety Data Sheet

PRODUCT CODE FP10959

<100%	Homopolymer of Hexamethylene Diisocyanate	28182-81-2
<25%	Hydrophilic Aliphatic Polyisocyanate based on Hexamethylene Diisocyanate	666723-27-9
<2%	N,N-dimethylcyclohexylamine	98-94-2
<2%	Hexamethylene-1,6-Diisocyanate	822-06-0

New Jersey Environmental Hazardous Substances List and/or New Jersey RTK Special Hazardous Substances Lists:

<u>Weight percent</u>	<u>Components</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
<2%	N,N-dimethylcyclohexylamine	98-94-2
<2%	Hexamethylene-1,6-Diisocyanate	822-06-0

California Prop. 65:

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain any of the listed chemicals, which the state of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Based on information provided by our suppliers, this product is considered "DRC Conflict Free" as defined by the SEC Conflict Minerals Final Rule (Release No. 34-67716; File No. S7-40-10; Date: 2012-08-22).

SECTION 16 Other Information

Recommended restriction: for use by trained professionals, having read the complete SDS. The handling of products containing reactive HDI polyisocyanate/prepolymer and/or monomeric HDI requires appropriate protective measures referred to in this SDS. These products are therefore recommended only for use in industrial or trade (commercial) applications. They are not suitable for use in Do-It-Yourself applications.

To the best of our knowledge the information contained here is accurate. However, neither the above named manufacturer nor any of its distributors assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or the completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of the suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.